





Hosts on behalf of ASD-Europe IPS User Forum 2022 in Vienna, October 17th – 20th



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In-Service Product Support Analysis (PSA) for Virtual Platforms

PaaS (Platform as a Service)

Name of Presenter:

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Abstract-No: A#22





Main Objective: In-Service Support Product Analysis (PSA) for a Platform as a Service (PaaS)

Platform as a Service (PaaS) Architecture

Platform as a Service (PaaS) Challenges for LSA/PSA





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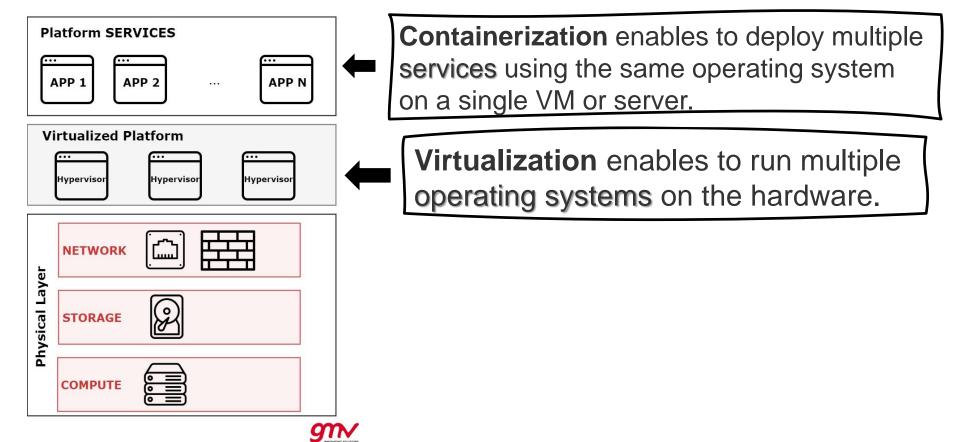






Main Objective: In-Service Support Product Analysis (PSA) for a Platform as a Service (PaaS)

Propose a supportability solution using traditional LSA techniques improved with S3000L v2.0 for virtualized and containerized PaaS







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Platform as a Service (PaaS) Architecture

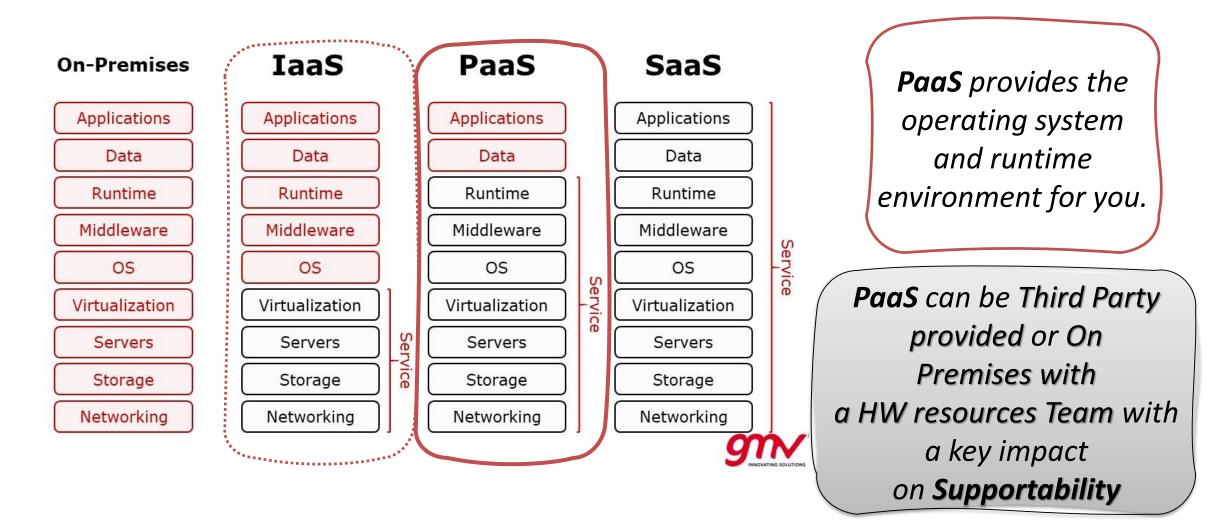
Platform as a Service (PaaS) Challenges for LSA/PSA





Platform as a Service (PaaS) Architecture I

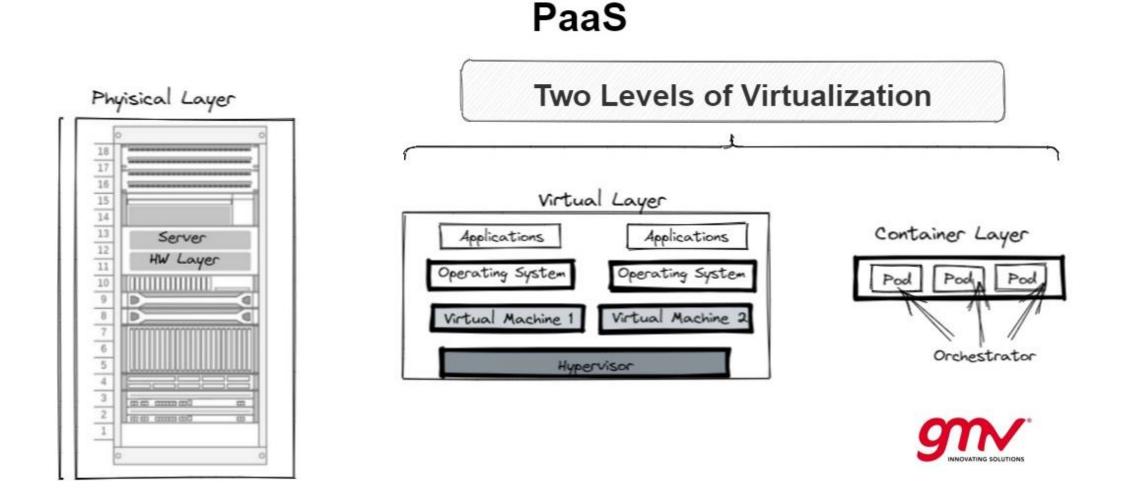
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Platform as a Service (PaaS) Architecture II

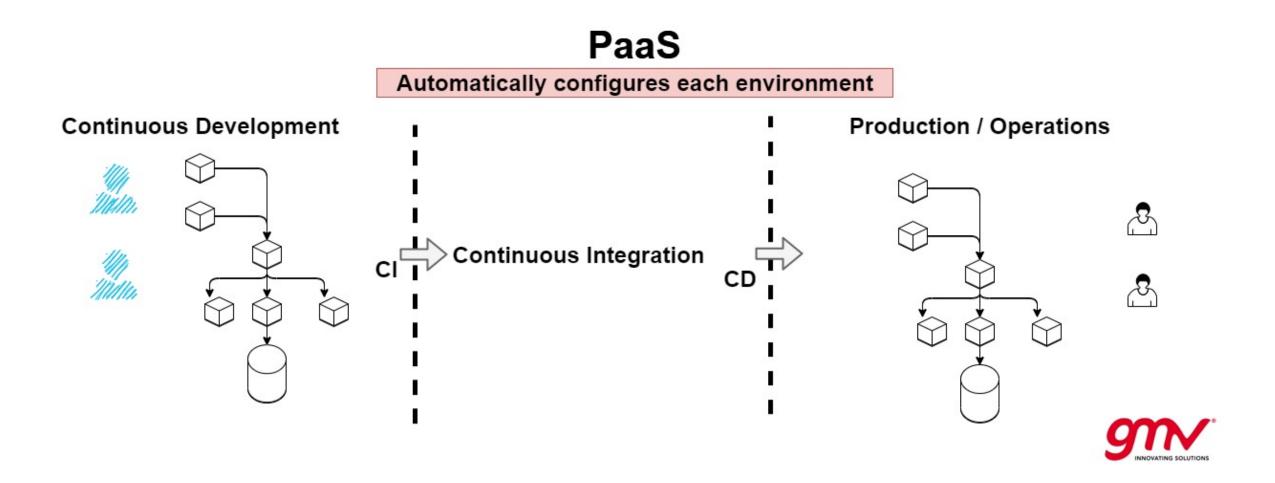








Platform as a Service (PaaS) Architecture III







Main Objective: In-Service Support Product Analysis (PSA) for a Platform as a Service (PaaS)

Platform as a Service (PaaS) Architecture

Platform as a Service (PaaS) Challenges for LSA/PSA



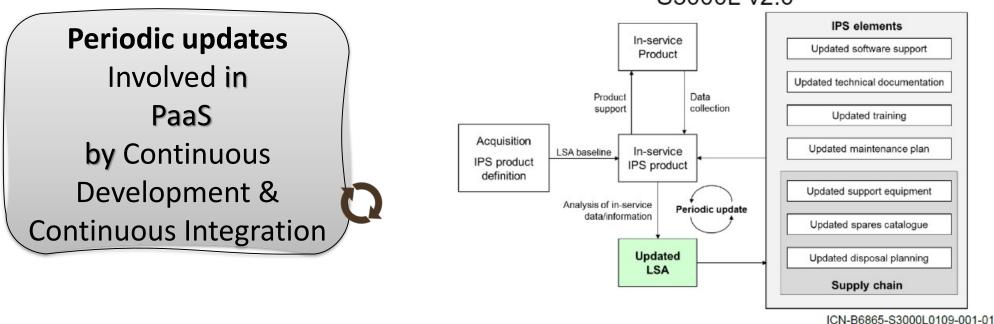




Platform as a Service (PaaS) Challenges for LSA/PSA II

LSA evolved to LSA/ In-Service PSA

- ILS/LSA and RAMS analisys Design Phase



S3000L v2.0

In-Service LSA process







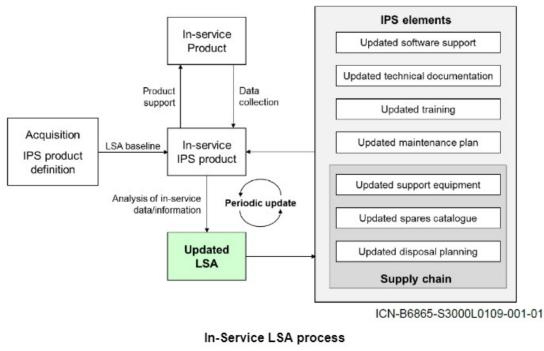
Platform as a Service (PaaS) Challenges for LSA/PSA II

LSA evolved to LSA/ In-Service PSA

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Questions?

1.- What is the term that you use for Updated LSA when it is in the In-Service/Operations phase:
Updated LSA (Logistis Support Analysis)
PSA(In-Service Product Support Analysis)
...?
2- Have you replaced the term ILS by ISS (In-Service Support)
IPS (Integrated Product Support)
...?



S3000L v2.0





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Platform as a Service (PaaS) Architecture

Platform as a Service (PaaS) Challenges for LSA/PSA







PAS techniques for Platform as a Service (PaaS)

In-Service PSA techniques to be implemented in a Platform as a Service (PaaS) Virtual Platforms-continuous development which are innovative based on S3000L are:

- Breakdown Element Identifier
- Failure/Data Reporting Analysis and Corrective Action System (FRACAS/DRACAS)
- Condition Based Maintenance (CBM)







Breakdown Element Identifier – BEI I

Breakdown Element Identifier (BEI):Identifies an individual breakdown element defined within a functional, physical, or any other type of Product breakdown. In the case of a physical breakdown element, there is also an indication of the installation location.

BEI approach for PaaS (Platforms as a Service)

Can be defined in two tyes of breakdowns:

- Physical approach is as a classical LSA based on LCN (Logistic Control Number from MIL-STD-1388-2A/2B)
- Functional approach is based on the SNS (from S1000D)

HW components can be located on PaaS through *physical breakdowns*

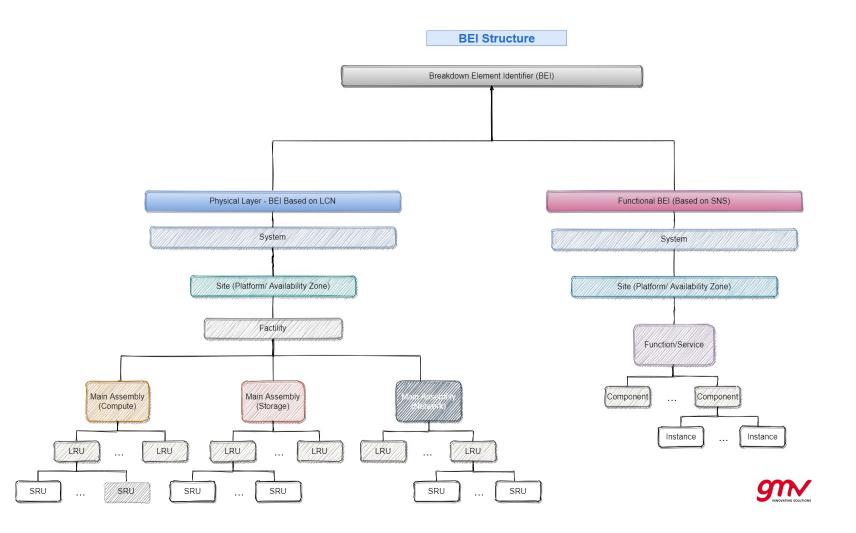
SW components can be associated through *functional breakdowns*

BEI is a key field used to trace system components to support tasks ALC is not considered in the S3000L v2.0→ LCN & ALC must be concatenated in BEI





Breakdown Element Identifier – BEI II

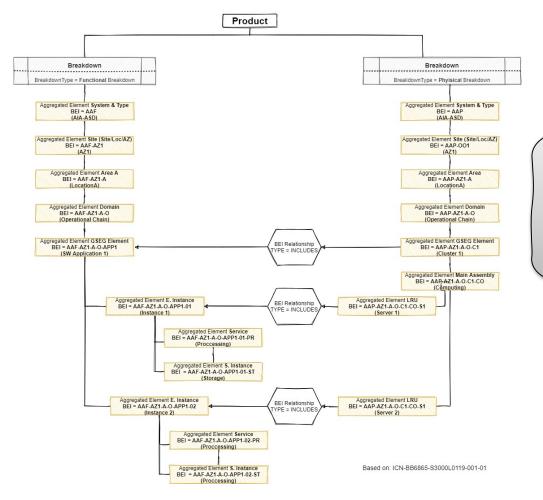






Breakdown Element Identifier – BEI III

PaaS BEI Physical/Functional Relationship



Physical & Functional BEIs shall be related to:

- Maintain *traceability* in case of *failures*
- Extract *Patterns* about *Services Execution*







Failure/Data Reporting Analysis and Corrective Action System (FRACAS/DRACAS)

FRACAS provides a structured process for the calculation of reliability parameters such as the Mean Time Between Failures based on real operation data of the system through:

Failure reporting Failure mode and effects **FMECA Failure analysis** analysis DESIGN **Failure correction** Failure code traceability Get System Identify Analyse Detect Barriers & Overview Failure Modes Probable RCA Deficiences Establish Failure Effects Work order Local Effect S/S Effect System Effec analysis Identify Identify Identify Identify Identify Preventive Measures Detection Means Isolation Means Corrective Actions Recovery Actions Root cause analysis Determine Criticality **GIN** Strategy adjustment-New Deployment

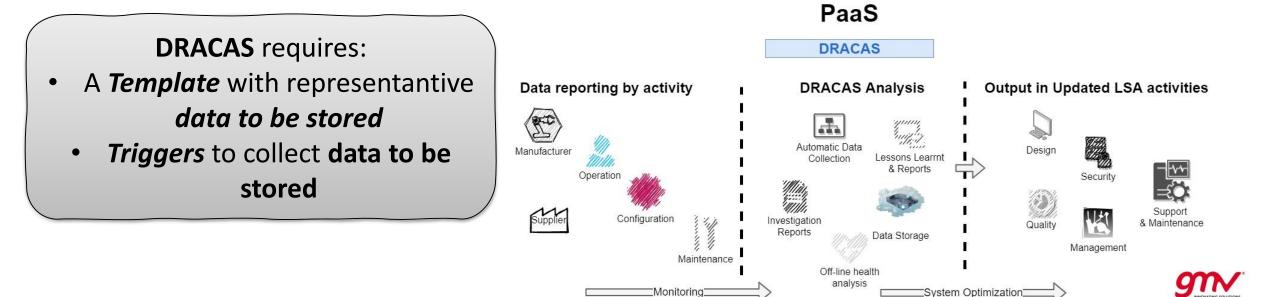






Failure/Data Reporting Analysis and Corrective Action System (FRACAS/DRACAS) II

Data Reporting and Corrective Action System (DRACAS) for reporting, collecting, recording, analyzing, categorizing, investigating and taking timely effective corrective action on all discrepancies and failures relating to design, manufacturing and test processes.









Condition Based Maintenance (CBM)

Condition-based maintenance (CBM) or Predictive Maintenance based on collecting and analyzing data, which can be used to identify **trends** in asset performance and assess where an asset is in its lifecycle.

CBM improves **Preventive Maintenance** because:

- System is **continuosly analised** before its replacement
 - Operators can also anticipate failures









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Thank You

for your attention! Questions?



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